



# **Buying Energy Efficient Products with Low Standby Power**

Alison Thomas

DOE's Federal Energy Management  
Program

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# Outline

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- Energy efficient purchasing policies
- Basic approach to implementing the Executive Order on low standby power
- Status of Executive Order
- Future steps



# Federal Purchasing Policies

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- “Agencies shall select, where life-cycle cost-effective, ENERGY STAR® and other ...products in the upper 25 percent of energy efficiency as designated by FEMP.”

***Executive Order 13123 (1999) and FAR Chapter 23 (2001)***

- “Each agency ...shall purchase products that use no more than one watt in their standby power consuming mode [or] ...products with the lowest standby power wattage ...”

***Executive Order 13221 (2001)***



# Energy Star™ and DOE/FEMP Efficiency Recommendations

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- Non-residential lighting
- Electric motors and transformers
- Non-residential heating and cooling equipment
- Office equipment
- Residential HVAC, appliances, lighting
- Water-saving devices
- Roofing and windows
- Commercial food service [in preparation]
- Low standby power products - **New**



[www.eren.doe.gov/femp/procurement](http://www.eren.doe.gov/femp/procurement)



# Basic Approach Executive Order 13221

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- Work with industry to create product list
  - Build on and reinforce Energy Star
  - Encourage voluntary data reporting
  - Minimize data requirements
  - Build product list from industry-certified data
- Disseminate information on standby power to educate Federal purchasers
  - Work with Defense Logistics Agency, General Services Administration, and others



# Progress to Date

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- **Public/Industry Involvement**
  - Public meeting held October 24, 2001
  - Ongoing meetings with major associations and interested manufacturers
- **Interagency Coordination**
  - DOE, EPA, GSA, DLA, and OMB
- **Technical Issues**
  - Define standby power
  - Provide standby power test guidelines



# Progress to Date (con't)

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- Product list
  - Developed database based on manufacturer/vendor submissions
  - Defined and included sub-categories to address different types of products within a category
    - e.g, digital vs. analog TVs
  - Published list of products with minimal standby power in Federal Register December 31, 2001
  - Update product list and types as needed
- Education
  - Materials and web site: fact sheets, q's and a's,  
[www.eren.doe.gov/femp/procurement](http://www.eren.doe.gov/femp/procurement)



# Products with Standby

## Power

### 1<sup>st</sup> Tier

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- Computers & Office Equipment
- Phone Equipment (powered, cell, cordless)
- TV, VCR, DVD, Audio
- Major Appliances
  - Room AC
  - Clothes washer, Dishwasher
  - Microwave
- Other
  - Ceiling fans w/remote
  - Portable power tools
  - Desktop halogen lamp
  - Exercise equipment





# 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Tier Categories

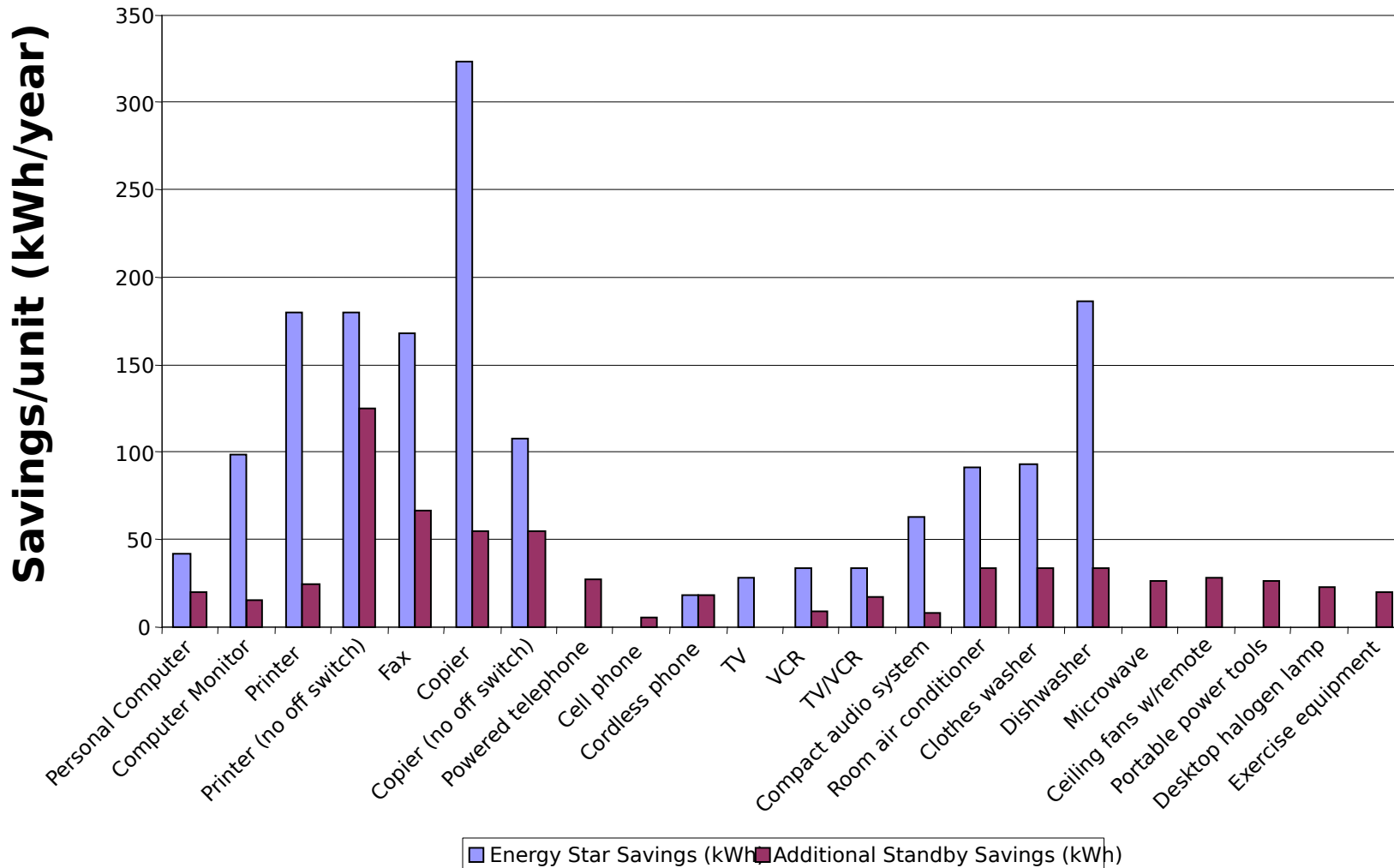
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- **Computer and Office**
  - Computer speakers, modem, hub, PDA holder/charger, multifunction device, uninterruptible power supply
- **Video**
  - Digital video recorder, set-top boxes
- **Audio**
  - Component system, CD player, portable audio
- **Communications**
  - Telephone headset, answering machine, walkie talkie
- **Appliances**
  - Range, stove, coffee maker with clock, clothes dryer
- **Other**
  - Portable vacuum, general purpose battery charger, security system, exterior lighting



# Typical Energy Savings: Low Power Standby

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# Next Steps

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- 1) Compile and analyze data for first tier products
- 2) Designate “low standby levels” for product categories where sufficient data is available (e.g., TV, VCR, TV/VCR)
- 3) Define “low standby” as 1 watt as sufficient models become available
- 4) Coordinate with ENERGY STAR where possible and appropriate
- 5) Publish manufacturer-certified data for specific models
- 6) Work with office products manufacturers and ITI to collect data by July 2002
  - Recommend standby levels for first tier products (e.g., computers, printers, monitors, fax machines, copiers)
  - Resolve technical issues (e.g., sub-categories, test guideline)



# Next Steps (con't)

- Develop schedule with appliance manufacturers (AHAM) to determine how test procedures can be modified to include standby power
- Determine schedule for adding 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> tier products
- Work with GSA, DLA, wholesalers and retailers to highlight standby power data to Federal consumers
- Organize press event for anniversary of E.O. (July 31)